

Class

Sedative, Analgesic Dissociative Anesthetic

Pharmacologic Properties

Ketamine is a non-competitive NMDA receptor antagonist and dissociative, amnestic, a rapid-acting analgesic anesthetic agent. Blocks the pain receptors and minimizes spinal cord activity, affecting the association pathways of the brain between the thalamus and limbic system.

Indications

- Adult patient with signs of excited delirium or violent behavior where the safety of patient and/or providers is of substantial concern <u>Protocol 39</u>.
- Induction agent for pharmacologically assisted intubations <u>Protocol 7</u>, <u>Protocol 7P</u>.

Contraindications

- Known hypersensitivity
- Hypertension, severe or poorly controlled
- Suspected ACS
- Relatively contraindicated in penetrating eye trauma.
- Relative contraindication in patients with known cardiovascular disease. (Ketamine causes tachycardia)

Onset & Duration

• IV within 30 seconds, duration 10-15 min.; IM within 3-4 min, duration 12-25 min

Side Effects/Adverse Reactions

- Laryngospasm: this very rare adverse reaction presents with stridor and respiratory distress. After every administration of ketamine:
 - a) Prepare to provide respiratory support including bag-valve-mask ventilation and suction which are generally sufficient in rare cases of laryngospasm.
 - b) Institute cardiac monitoring, pulse oximetry and continuous waveform capnography
 - c) Establish IV or IO access, check blood glucose
 - d) Establish and maintain physical restraint.
 - 1. Emergence reaction: presents as anxiety, agitation, apparent hallucinations or nightmares as ketamine is wearing off. For severe reactions, consider benzodiazepine.
 - 2. Nausea and Vomiting: always have suction available after ketamine administration. Give antiemetic as needed.
 - 3. Hyper-salivation: Suction usually sufficient. If profound hyper-salivation causing airway difficulty, administer Atropine 0.5 mg IV.



Dosage and Administration

Adult

- 2 mg/kg slow IVP or IM (MAX 200 mg)
 - For IM administration, a second dose can be administered in a different IM injection site (Maximum total dose 400 mg).

Pediatric

• 12 years of age or older: 2 mg/kg <u>slow</u> IVP or IM (Max single dose of 200 mg)